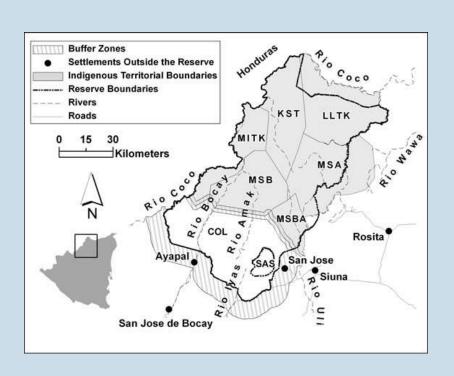
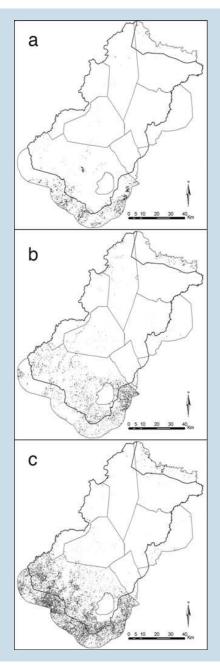
## 7+1 DESIGN PRINCIPLES CHARACTERISING ROBUST COMMONPOOL RESOURCE INSTITUTIONS

- Define clear group boundaries.
- 2. Match rules governing use of common goods to local needs and conditions.
- 3. Ensure that those affected by the rules can participate in modifying the rules.
- 4. Make sure the rule-making rights of community members are respected by outside authorities.
- 5. Develop a system, carried out by community members, for monitoring members' behaviour.
- 6. Use graduated sanctions for rule violators.
- 7. Provide accessible, low-cost means for dispute resolution.
- 8. Build responsibility for governing the common resource in nested tiers from the lowest level up to the entire interconnected system.

...DER ER
NOGET OM
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EKSEMPEL FRA
BOSAWAS I
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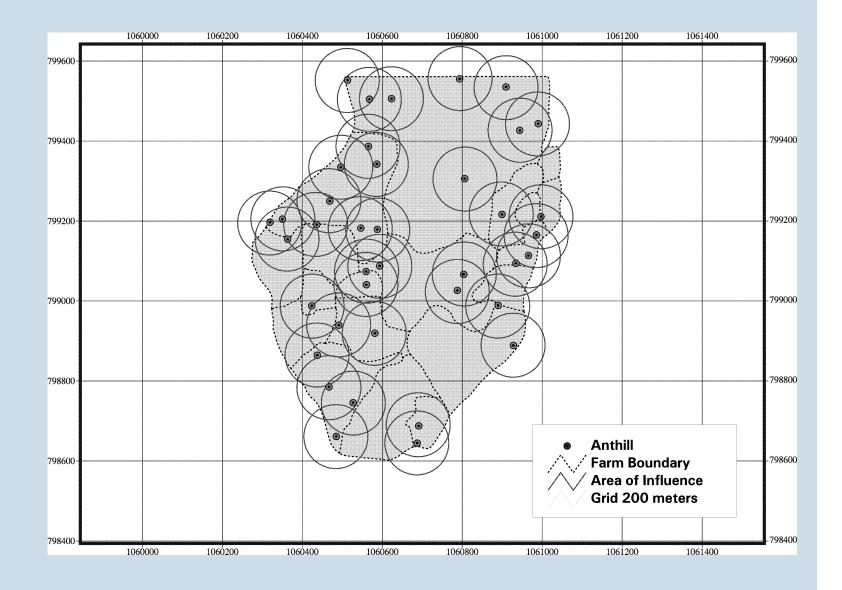
Fra: Stocks, McMahan & Taber, 2007



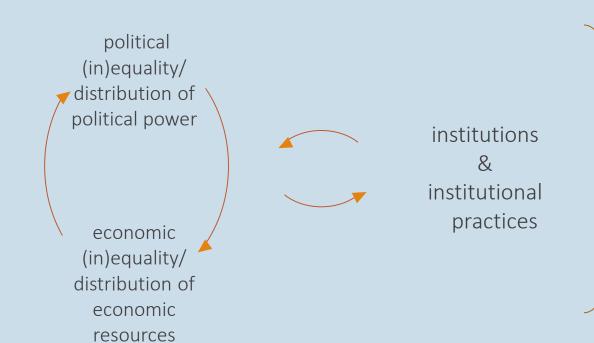


ERKENDE
INDBYRDES
AFHÆNGIGHED
& BYGGE
SAMARBEJDE
NEDEFRA

- BEKÆMPELSE AF BLADSKÆRERMYRER SOM ET EKSEMPEL



## BETYDNINGEN AF ULIGHED & MAGT

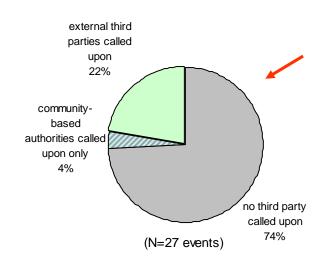


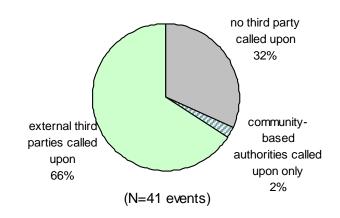
## societal outcomes:

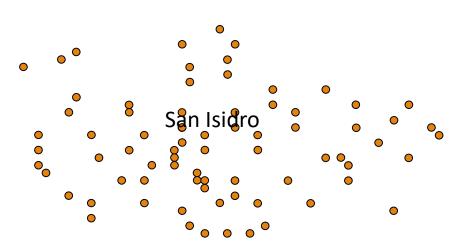
- poverty or wellbeing
- growth or recession
- environmental degradation or sustainability
- democratic or discretional governance

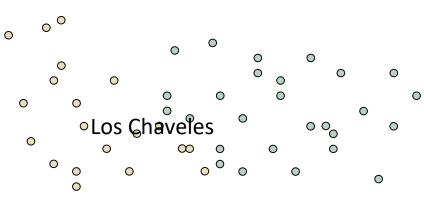
(based on e.g. Acemoglu et al., 2002; Bebbington et al., 2008; Robinson, 2010; WDR, 2006; and specifically with respect to natural ressource governance: Boyce, 1994; Li and Reuveny. 2006; Clement and Meunie. 2010)

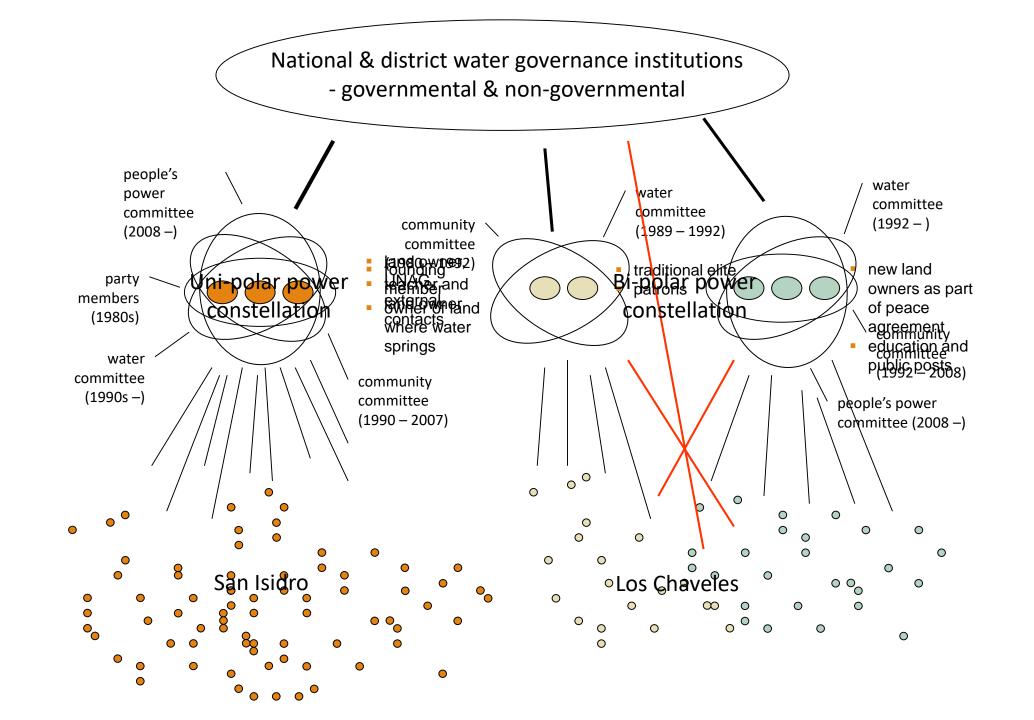
## National & district water governance institutions - governmental & non-governmental









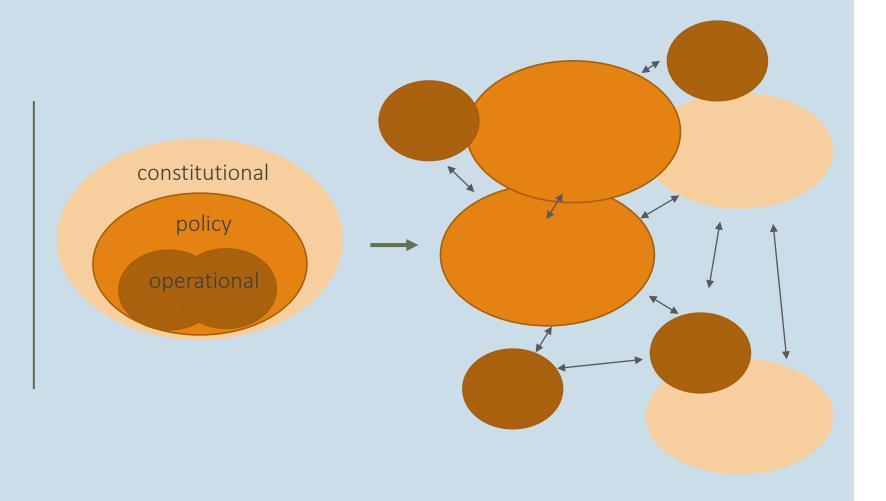


FRA 'NESTED'

TIL

'POLYCENTRIC'

GOVERNANCE



BETYDNINGEN AF

ULIGHED OG

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PRAKSIS

- ET EKSEMPEL FRA NICARAGUA

